

## Answers to Selected Problems: Part II, Chapter 3

### 3.1

1. 
$$\frac{E}{2(1-\nu^2)} \left[ 2 \frac{\partial^2 u_x}{\partial x^2} + (1+\nu) \frac{\partial^2 u_y}{\partial x \partial y} + (1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 u_x}{\partial y^2} \right] + b_x = 0$$
2. 
$$\frac{E}{2(1-\nu^2)} \left[ 2 \frac{\partial^2 u_y}{\partial y^2} + (1+\nu) \frac{\partial^2 u_x}{\partial x \partial y} + (1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 u_y}{\partial x^2} \right] + b_y = 0$$
3. (a) Yes, (b) Yes, (c)  $u_x, u_y$  non-zero along the base ( $\varepsilon_{xx}$  is non-zero which in itself is inconsistent with  $u_x = 0$  along base)

### 3.2

3.  $A = 5B, \frac{\Delta V}{V} = \frac{B}{E} [(1-2\nu)(30xy^2 - 10x^3)]$
4.  $\varepsilon_{xx} = \frac{5}{4E} [15x^2y - 17y^3], \varepsilon_{yy} = \frac{5}{4E} [3x^2y + 11y^3], \varepsilon_{xy} = \frac{5}{4E} [-4x^3 - 24xy^2]$   
 $u_x = \frac{5}{4E} [5x^3y - 17y^3x] + Cy + B, u_y = \frac{5}{4E} \left[ -\frac{13}{4}x^4 + \frac{3}{2}x^2y^2 + \frac{11}{4}y^4 \right] + Cx + A$
6.  $u_x = \frac{F}{4Eb} \left[ 3 \frac{x^2y}{b^2} - (2+\nu) \frac{y^3}{b^2} + 6(1+\nu)y - 3 \frac{L^2}{b^2}y \right]$   
 $u_y = \frac{F}{4Eb} \left[ -3\nu \frac{xy^2}{b^2} - \frac{x^3}{b^2} + 3 \frac{L^2}{b^2}x - 2 \frac{L^3}{b^2} \right]$
8.  $\sigma_{xx} = -\rho gy, \sigma_{yy} = \frac{\rho g}{\tan^2 \beta} \left( -\frac{2}{\tan \beta}x + y \right), \sigma_{xy} = -\frac{\rho g}{\tan^2 \beta}x$